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Investigating the Impact of Political Stability on Business Planning and Strategy: A Qualitative Perspective

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Abstract

Political stability plays a crucial role in shaping the landscape for business planning and strategy. When a country experiences political stability, it creates an environment conducive to long-term business operations, investment, and growth. Stable political conditions provide businesses with a sense of security, enabling them to make informed decisions and develop robust strategies. One significant impact of political stability on business planning is the assurance of continuity. Stable political systems minimize the risks of sudden policy changes, social unrest, or political upheaval, which can disrupt business operations and investment. This predictability allows businesses to plan for the long term, allocate resources efficiently, and develop sustainable strategies. Moreover, political stability fosters investor confidence. When political conditions are stable, domestic and foreign investors are more likely to trust the business environment and commit their resources. This leads to increased investment, job creation, and economic growth. Stable political systems also attract foreign direct investment, as international companies seek to establish a presence in countries with reliable governance structures. Furthermore, political stability often translates into favorable regulatory frameworks and policies. Governments prioritizing stability tend to implement business-friendly policies, such as lower tax rates, reduced bureaucratic red tape, and protection of intellectual property rights. These factors incentivize entrepreneurship, innovation, and business expansion, enabling companies to thrive and adapt their strategies accordingly. In contrast, political instability can have detrimental effects on business planning and strategy. Uncertainty and volatility in political systems can lead to an unpredictable business environment, hinder decision-making, deter investment, and increase operational risks.

Keywords: Political Stability, Business Planning, Investor Confidence, Regulatory Frameworks, Operational Risks

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Introduction

Political stability is a fundamental factor that exerts a profound impact on the realm of business planning and strategy. When a nation enjoys political stability, it sets the stage for an environment conducive to long-term business operations, investment, and growth. Stable political conditions provide businesses with a sense of security, enabling them to make informed decisions and develop robust strategies tailored to their goals and objectives. This stability instills

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a feeling of confidence in entrepreneurs and investors, allowing them to focus on their ventures without constantly being concerned about sudden policy changes or social unrest. As a result, they can effectively allocate resources, plan, and navigate market fluctuations with greater ease. Figure 1 shows the Impact of Political Stability on Business Planning and Strategy.

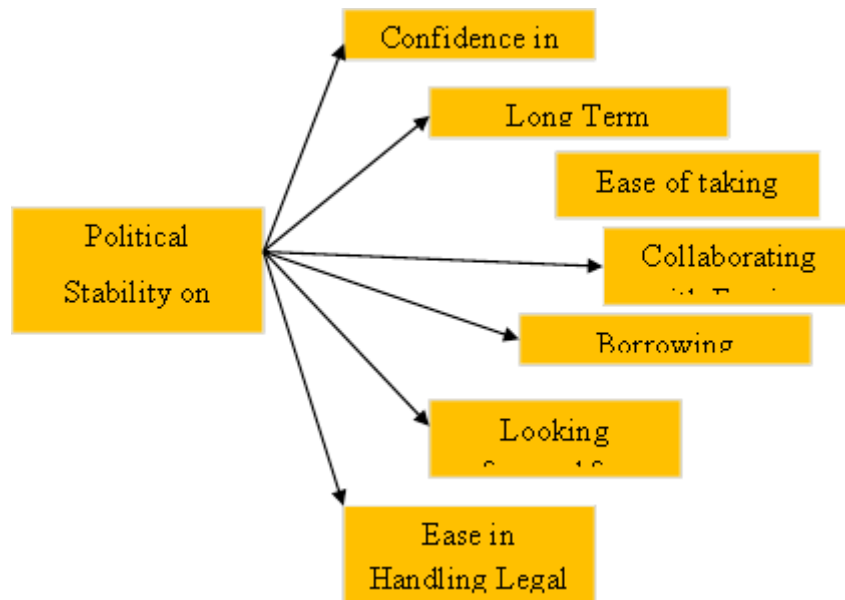


Figure 1 Impact of Political Stability on Business Planning and Strategy

One of the primary impacts of political stability on business planning is the assurance of continuity. A stable political system mitigates the risks of abrupt shifts in policies or leadership, which can disrupt business operations and investment. The predictability and consistency provided by a stable political environment allow businesses to plan for the long term. They can formulate comprehensive strategies, allocate resources efficiently, and make strategic decisions without the constant fear of sudden disruptions. This continuity fosters an environment where businesses can thrive, innovate, and expand without undue interruptions or uncertainties, ultimately contributing to economic growth and prosperity.

Furthermore, political stability engenders investor confidence. Stable political systems create an atmosphere of trust and reliability, which attracts both domestic and foreign investors. When political conditions are stable, investors are more inclined to commit their resources to long-term ventures. They feel reassured that their investments will be protected, and that the regulatory framework will remain consistent. Moreover, stable political systems are often accompanied by business-friendly policies such as lower tax rates, reduced bureaucratic red tape, and protection of intellectual property rights. These factors incentivize entrepreneurship, innovation, and business expansion, further strengthening investor confidence and stimulating economic growth.

Research investigates the causes and effects of strategic plan implementation in United Arab Emirates (UAE) government agencies. It has been discovered that there are three factors that have a significant influence on the degree to which a strategic plan is carried out in its entirety: the adoption of the desired mode of strategy, the increase in employee participation, and the reduction in political conduct. In addition to this, it analyses the impact that culture might or might not have, the consequences for both theory and practice, the limitations of the research, as well as the research prospects for the future. (Elbanna & Fadol, 2016). Another article offers a fresh interpretation of political stability. As a result of this, it examines and evaluates prior definitions, describes five operational principles, and highlights implications that are essential to the practice of stability operations, current policy in the United States government, and academic study. According to this theory, the degree to which a political object's formal and informal responsibilities and structures are consistent with one another is the degree to which the political object is stable. The more significant the 'gap,' the higher the degree of instability. This concept is distinctive in that it considers stability and instability to be expressions of possibilities rather than occurrences. (Margolis, 2010).

A paper states that a panel of 138 nations studied between 1994 and 2005 found a pathway via which independent media encourages domestic investment. This theory was put to the test using a simultaneous equation model (SEM), which revealed that as media freedom increases, socio-political stability increases, fostering a favorable business environment that attracts investment. The SEM model indicates strong correlations but makes no claims about cause and effect. (Pal et. al., 2011). Another research looks at the relationships between political stability and economic cycles in the Fragile Five nations from 1986 to 2013: Brazil, South Africa, India, Indonesia, and Turkey. According to the findings, slower GDP growth rates are related to political instability levels that are higher. Internal strife, socioeconomic circumstances, and law and order all have a favourable effect on the GDP growth rate. Low GDP growth is correlated with high inflation and population increase, whereas GDP growth rates from the prior year are positively correlated with economic cycles. This demonstrates that the political stability of the Fragile Five countries has a major impact on the business cycles of those countries. (Kilic et. al., 2015).

An article examines the relationship between political stability and economic expansion in 120 developing nations between 1996 and 2014. It concludes that political unrest is more prevalent in OIC nations, particularly those with lower and moderate incomes and those that rely heavily on oil. Political unrest could have an impact on investment growth and the development of human capital. The OIC nations with better or lower growth rates experience an equal impact from political stability and turbulence on their economies. For all emerging nations, it is therefore advised that political, economic, and human capital development be prioritised. (Uddin et. al., 2017). Another paper examined the impact of political upheaval on economic growth in

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Pakistan during the last 22 years. Strikes, elections, regimes, and terrorism have all been used as stand-ins for political instability. ARCH and GARCH models were applied to examine how political uncertainty affected GDP. The findings revealed that only terrorism negatively affected the dependent variable's mean equation. The volatility of GDP was significantly impacted negatively by elections and governments. The overall results imply that political unrest hinders economic expansion and that the government should act to restore political calm. (Tabassam et. al., 2016).

A paper looked into how Nigeria's political climate affected the success of multinational corporations there. The World Development Indicators of the World Bank Group and the Nigerian Stock Exchange Fact Book of 2012 were used as data sources. The results indicated that the political climate had a detrimental considerable impact on business performance, indicating that the Nigerian government should refrain from making frequent changes to its policies and programmes and preserve the stability of democratic institutions and political unity. (Mark & Nwaiwu, 2015). Another research investigates the relationship between governance and economic growth in developing nations. It investigates the effects of different facets of political leadership on the growth of 84 economies with low or middle incomes using regression parameters. According to the findings, political stability and good governance are favorably connected with growth, but corruption and voice and accountability are inversely correlated. Non-terms of regulatory excellence and the rule of law are adverse but in statistical terms minimally connected with growth and the rule of law. (Gani, 2011).

An article examines the moderating impact of political stability on FDI inflows into Yemen over the past two decades. It was determined whether the data were stationary using the Augmented Dickey-Fuller (ADF) test. Standard regression analysis revealed that while the exchange rate, inflation rate, balance of payments, and gross national income did not affect FDI inflows, the GDP growth rate did. According to the results of hierarchical regression, FDI inflows were significantly influenced by political stability, indicating that political stability is essential for the Yemeni economy's future expansion. (Musibah et. al., 2015). Another research explores the connection between firm success in emerging economies and commercial and political relationships. It comes to the conclusion that whereas economic linkages are positively related to planning flexibility, political ties are negatively connected with it. While there is a negative indirect association between political relationships and financial and non-financial success, planning flexibility mediates the relationship between business ties and financial and non-financial performance in a favourable way. These findings have consequences for companies and managers, who should weigh the advantages and disadvantages of linkages to the economic and political worlds in order to enhance company success. (Yeniaras et. al., 2020).

A paper states that American businesses were influenced by the Brexit vote, and there were demonstrable effects on savings, employment, investment, and R&D. The degree of reversibility

Investigating the Impact of Political Stability on Business Planning and Strategy: A Qualitative Perspective

of production inputs affects the consequences, with industries employing lower-skilled people suffering the greatest losses. The findings issue a warning regarding the negative effects of growing political institution skepticism in industrialized economies. (Campello et. al., 2018). Another research looked at the effects of political stability between the years 2002 and 2015 on the growth of the tourism industry in a number of Mediterranean nations. The findings demonstrated a long-term beneficial relationship between political stability and tourist sector development, as well as a two-way causal relationship between the two. (Bayar & Yener, 2019).

Conclusion

In conclusion, political stability plays a pivotal role in business planning and strategy by providing a foundation of continuity, instilling investor confidence, and shaping the overall business environment. Stable political conditions allow businesses to plan for the long term, allocate resources efficiently, and make informed decisions without the fear of sudden disruptions. This fosters an environment where businesses can thrive, innovate, and expand, contributing to economic growth. Moreover, political stability attracts domestic and foreign investors, who are reassured by the reliable governance structures and business-friendly policies associated with stable political systems. However, the absence of political stability can hinder business planning, create uncertainty, and increase operational risks. Therefore, understanding and adapting to the political landscape is crucial for businesses seeking sustainable growth and long-term success. By leveraging political stability, businesses can navigate challenges, seize opportunities, and contribute to the development and prosperity of the economy.

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